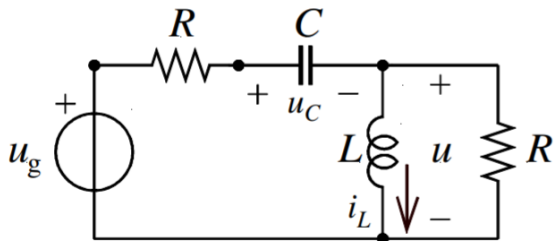


Задаци

LC-реализација филтра (Butterworth maximally flat highpass approximation) има познате параметре и

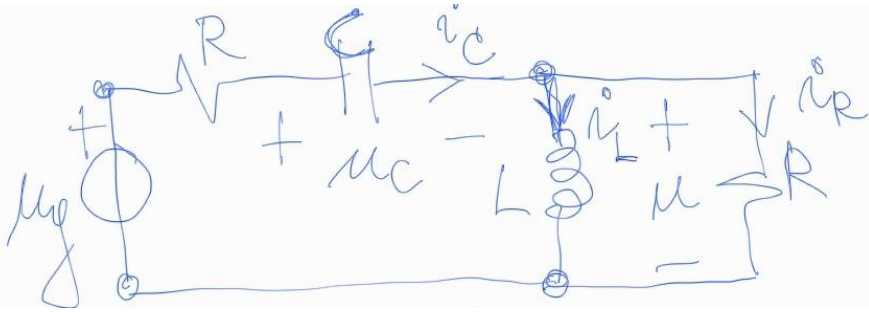
$$L = \frac{R}{\sqrt{2}\Omega}, \quad C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}R\Omega}, \quad \text{и реални параметар } \Omega > 0.$$



Решимо задатак са испита!

Практикум из рачунарске анализе
трофазних кола,
ЕНЕРГЕТИКА, 4. семестар !!!

Поставимо систем једначина кола (СЈК)



- 1) $i_C = i_L + i_R$
- 2) $u_g = R \cdot i_C + u_C + u$
- 3) $i_C = C \cdot \frac{du_C}{dt}$
- 4) $u_L = L \frac{di_L}{dt}$
- 5) $u = R \cdot i_R$
- 6) $u = u_L$

ПРОМЕНЈЉИВЕ:

i_C i_L u

u_C u_L i_R

<http://wxmaxima-developers.github.io/wxmaxima/>

wxMaxima 20.06.6 [unsaved*]

File Edit View Cell Maxima Equations Algebra Calculus Simplify List Plot Numeric Help

Maths

Mathematical Symbols

$\frac{1}{2}$ 2 3 $\sqrt{}$ i e \hbar \in
 \exists \forall $=$ ∞ \leq \geq $<$ $>$ $/$
 \backslash \propto \approx \pm \mp \cdot \cdot
 Γ \subseteq \subset \supset \varnothing \mathbb{R} \mathbb{C} ∂
 ∇ \int \oint α \neq \leq \geq \ll
 \gg \equiv \sum \prod \parallel \perp \sim \rightarrow
 \leftarrow \bullet
 \tilde{A} \sim \tilde{A} $\frac{1}{4}$ \hat{A} \S

Plot using Draw

2D	3D
Expression	Implicit Plot
Parametric Plot	Points
Diagram title	Axis
Contour	Plot name
Line color	Fill color
Grid	Accuracy

Maxima is ready for input.

Ready for user input

```
(%i1)  jednacine:
      [iC = iL + iR,
       ug = R·iC + uC + u,
       iC = C · 'diff(uC,t),
       uL = L · 'diff(iL,t),
       u = R · iR,
       u = uL];

(%o1)  [ iC = iR + iL , ug = uC + u + R iC , iC = C
        ( d
          d t
        uC ) , uL = L ( d
                        d t
                        iL ) , u = R iR , u = uL ]
```

Одредити једначине стања (ЈС)

(10) Једначине стања су (заокружити тачне једначине)

☒ (а) $\frac{du_C}{dt} = -(\Omega/\sqrt{2})u_C + (\Omega R/\sqrt{2})i_L + (\Omega/\sqrt{2})u_g$,

(б) $\frac{du_C}{dt} = (\Omega/\sqrt{2})u_C - (\Omega R/\sqrt{2})i_L + (\Omega/\sqrt{2})u_g$,

(в) $0 = u_C - Ri_L - u_g$,

☒ (г) $\frac{di_L}{dt} = -\Omega/(\sqrt{2}R)u_C - \Omega/\sqrt{2}i_L + \Omega u_g/(\sqrt{2}R)$,

(д) $0 = \sqrt{2}u_C + 2Ri_L - \sqrt{2}u_g$,

(ђ) $\frac{du_C}{dt} = \Omega u_C + \sqrt{2}R\Omega i_L$.

Нађимо **ЈС** користећи Maxima

jednacine:

```
[iC = iL + iR,  
ug = R·iC + uC + u,  
iC = C · 'diff(uC,t),  
uL = L · 'diff(iL,t),  
u = R · iR,  
u = uL];
```

Стања кола су: напон кондензатора u_C и струја калема i_L

```
[iC = iR + iL, ug = uC + u + R iC, iC = C  
(\frac{d}{d t} uC), uL = L (\frac{d}{d t} iL), u = R iR, u = uL]
```

Извршимо смену

$$\frac{du_C}{dt} \rightarrow Du_C$$
$$\frac{di_L}{dt} \rightarrow Di_L$$

```
(%i2) jednacineDiLDuC: jednacine, 'diff(iL,t)=DiL, 'diff(uC,t)=DuC;
```

```
(%o2) [iC = iR + iL, ug = uC + u + R iC, iC = C DuC, uL = DiL L, u = R iR, u  
= uL]
```

```
(%i3) JednacineIzvoda: eliminate(jednacineDiLDuC,  
[iC, uL, u, iR]);
```

```
(%o3) [ug - uC + R iL - 2 C DuC R, R (ug - uC - R iL - 2 DiL L) ]
```

```
(%i4) jednacineStanja: linsolve(JednacineIzvoda, [DiL, DuC]);
```

```
(%o4) [DiL = \frac{ug - uC - R iL}{2 L}, DuC = \frac{ug - uC + R iL}{2 C R}]
```

```
(%i4) jednacineStanja: linsolve(JednacineIzvoda, [DiL, DuC]);
```

$$(\%o4) \quad \left[DiL = \frac{ug - uC - R iL}{2 L}, DuC = \frac{ug - uC + R iL}{2 C R} \right]$$

```
(%i5) jednacineDiff: jednacineStanja,
      DiL='diff(iL, t),
      DuC='diff(uC, t);
```

$$(\%o5) \quad \left[\frac{d}{dt} iL = \frac{ug - uC - R iL}{2 L}, \frac{d}{dt} uC = \frac{ug - uC + R iL}{2 C R} \right]$$

```
(%i6) zamena: [L = R/(Omega*sqrt(2)), C = 1/(Omega*R*sqrt(2))];
```

$$(\%o6) \quad \left[L = \frac{R}{\sqrt{2} \Omega}, C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \Omega R} \right]$$

```
(%i7) jednacineDiff, zamena;
```

$$(\%o7) \quad \left[\frac{d}{dt} iL = \frac{\Omega (ug - uC - R iL)}{\sqrt{2} R}, \frac{d}{dt} uC = \frac{\Omega (ug - uC + R iL)}{\sqrt{2}} \right]$$

$$\textcircled{\Gamma} \frac{di_L}{dt} = -\Omega/(\sqrt{2}R)u_C - \Omega/\sqrt{2}i_L + \Omega u_g/(\sqrt{2}R),$$

$$\textcircled{a} \frac{du_C}{dt} = -(\Omega/\sqrt{2})u_C + (\Omega R/\sqrt{2})i_L + (\Omega/\sqrt{2})u_g,$$

Филтар нема почетну енергију и $u_g = U\vartheta(t)$.

(7) Излазни напон $u(t)$ је

(a) $\frac{U}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \vartheta(t),$

(б) $\frac{U}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \vartheta(t),$

(в) $\frac{U}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right),$

(г) $-\frac{U}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}} \sin\left(\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right),$ (д) $\frac{U}{\sqrt{2}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \vartheta(t),$


```
(%i8) jednacineLT: jednacine, 'diff(iL,t)=s·iL, 'diff(uC,t)=s·uC, zamena;
```

```
(%o8) [iC=iR+iL, ug=uC+u+R iC, iC= $\frac{s uC}{\sqrt{2} \Omega R}$ , uL= $\frac{R iL s}{\sqrt{2} \Omega}$ , u=R iR, u=uL]
```

```
(%i9) promenljive: [iC, uC, iL, uL, u, iR];
```

```
(%o9) [iC, uC, iL, uL, u, iR]
```

```
(%i10) assume(R>0, Omega>0);
```

```
(%o10) [R>0, Omega>0]
```

Применимо Лапласову
трансформацију на **СЈК**

```
(%i11) odziv: solve(jednacineLT, promenljive);
```

```
(%o11) [[iC= $\frac{(s^2 + \sqrt{2} \Omega s) u g}{R (2 s^2 + 2^{3/2} \Omega s + 2 \Omega^2)}$ , uC= $\frac{(\sqrt{2} \Omega s + 2 \Omega^2) u g}{2 s^2 + 2^{3/2} \Omega s + 2 \Omega^2}$ ,  
iL= $\frac{\sqrt{2} \Omega s u g}{R (2 s^2 + 2^{3/2} \Omega s + 2 \Omega^2)}$ , uL= $\frac{s^2 u g}{2 s^2 + 2^{3/2} \Omega s + 2 \Omega^2}$ , u=  
 $\frac{s^2 u g}{2 s^2 + 2^{3/2} \Omega s + 2 \Omega^2}$ , iR= $\frac{s^2 u g}{R (2 s^2 + 2^{3/2} \Omega s + 2 \Omega^2)}$ ]]
```

```
(%i12) Us: u, odziv;
```

```
(%o12)  $\frac{s^2 u g}{2 s^2 + 2^{3/2} \Omega s + 2 \Omega^2}$ 
```



```
(%i12) Us: u, odziv;
```

```
(%o12) 
$$\frac{s^2 u_g}{2 s^2 + 2^{3/2} \Omega s + 2 \Omega^2}$$

```

```
(%i13) u_t: ilt(ev(Us, ug=U/s), s, t), factor;
```

```
(%o13) 
$$- \frac{U e^{-\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}} \left( \sin\left(\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{2}$$

```

Филтар нема почетну енергију и $u_g = U\vartheta(t)$.

(7) Излазни напон $u(t)$ је

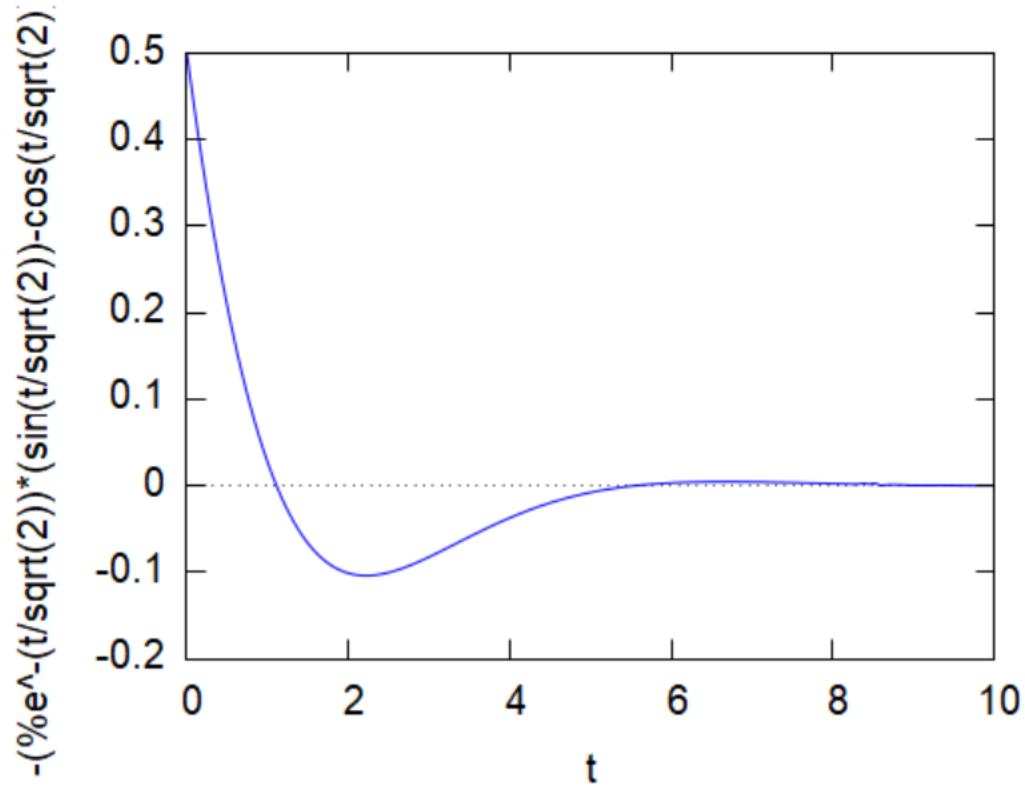
$$\textcircled{a} \frac{U}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \vartheta(t),$$

```
ratsimp((U/sqrt(2)) * %e^(-Omega * t/sqrt(2)) * trigrat(sin(%pi/4 - Omega * t/sqrt(2))))
```

$$- \frac{e^{-\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}} \left(U \sin\left(\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - U \cos\left(\frac{\Omega t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{2}$$

Приказ одзива – излазног напона

```
wxplot2d(ev(u_t, [Omega=1, R=1, U=1]), [t, 0, 10]);
```



MATLAB - Основни прозор

MATLAB R2020b - student use

HOME PLOTS APPS EDITOR PUBLISH VIEW

New Script New Live Script New Open Find Files Import Data Save New Variable Open Variable Clear Workspace Favorites Analyze Code Run and Time Clear Commands Preferences Set Path Add-Ons Help Community Request Support Learn MATLAB

FILE VARIABLE CODE SIMULINK ENVIRONMENT RESOURCES

Current Folder: D:\OneDrive - student.etf.bg.ac.rs\ETF\Teaching\PRTK\PRTK_Vezbe_2021_2022\Vezbe 01

Editor: D:\OneDrive - student.etf.bg.ac.rs\ETF\Projekti\SDR\ADALM Pluto\TestiranjeKodova_SDR4E\pluto1.m

```
1 clear variables;
2
3
4 rx = sdrx('Pluto')
5
6
7 % test rx
8 % rx()
9 % tx = sdrx('Pluto');
10
11 release(rx);
```

Workspace

Name	Value
out	1x1 SimulationO...

Command Window

Student License -- for use by students to meet course requirements and perform academic research at degree granting institutions only.

fx >>

Select a file to view details

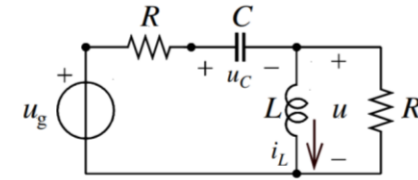
Ready

MATLAB Simulink - елементи

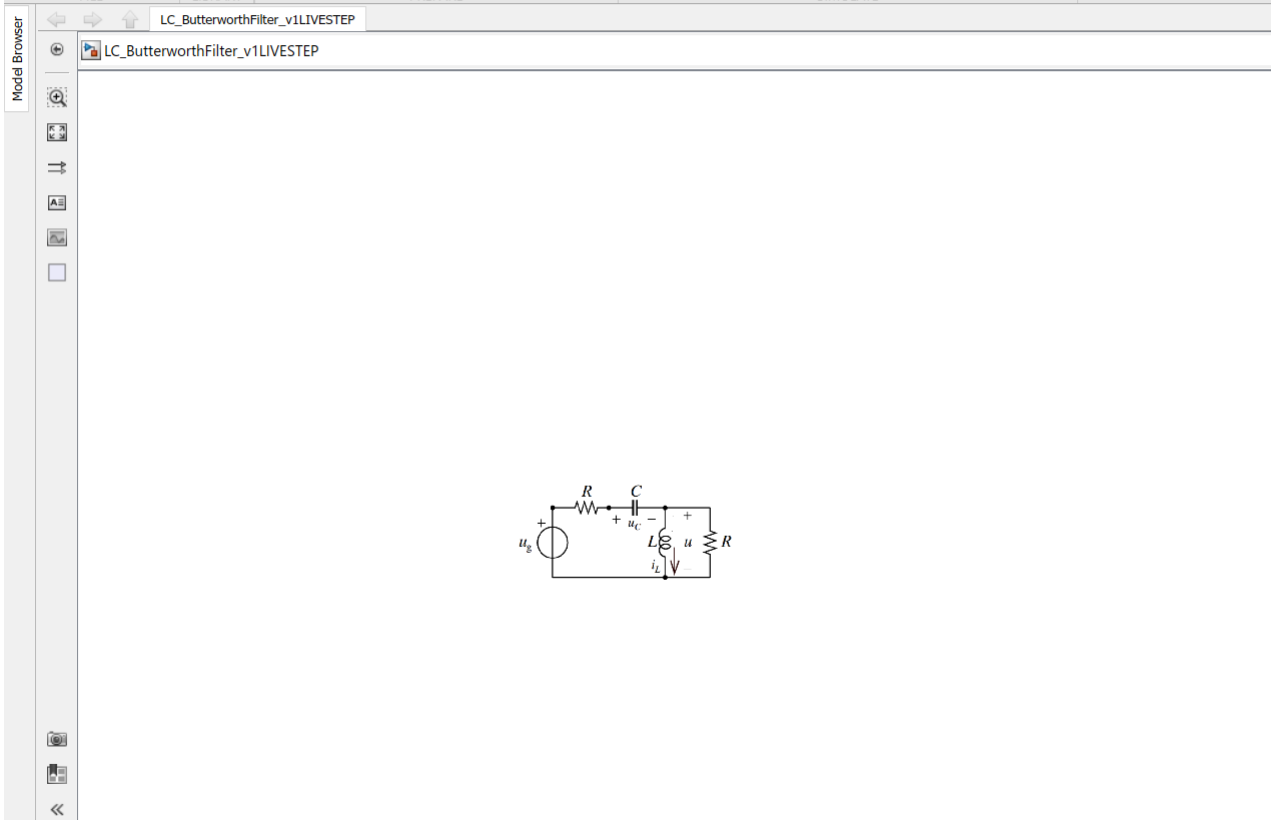
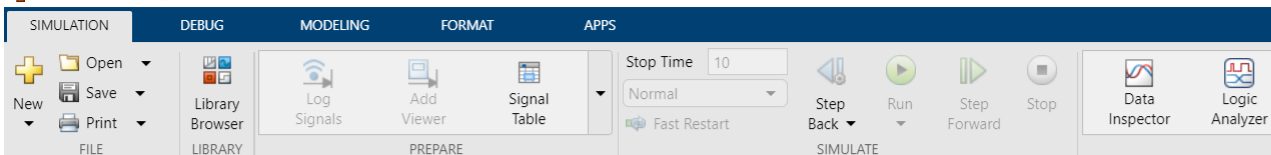
Задачи

LC-реализација филтра (Butterworth maximally flat highpass approximation) има познате параметре и

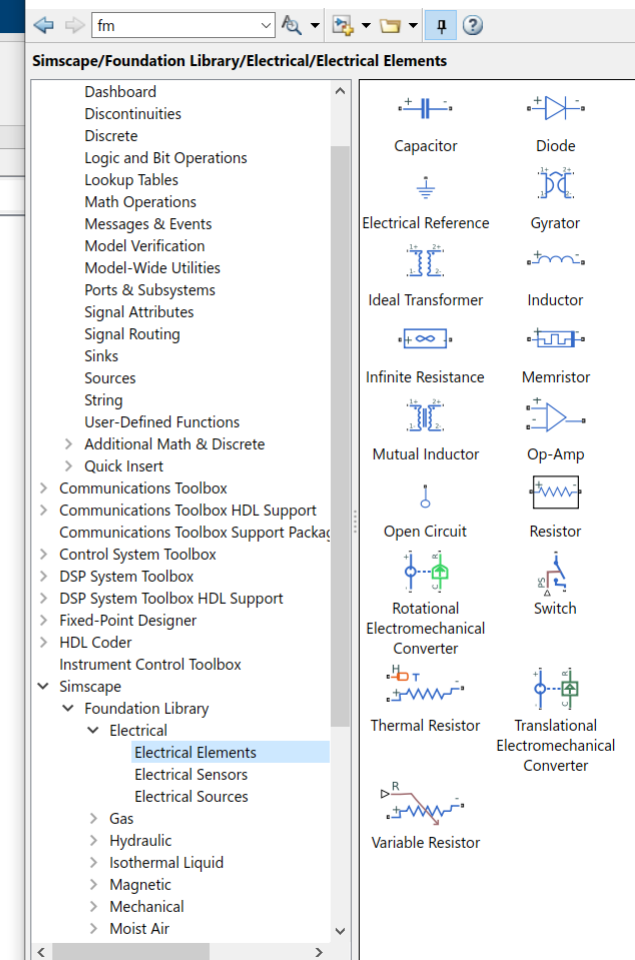
$$L = \frac{R}{\sqrt{2}\Omega}, \quad C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}R\Omega}, \quad \text{и реални параметар } \Omega > 0.$$



LC_ButterworthFilter_v1LIVESTEP - Simulink student use



Simulink Library Browser

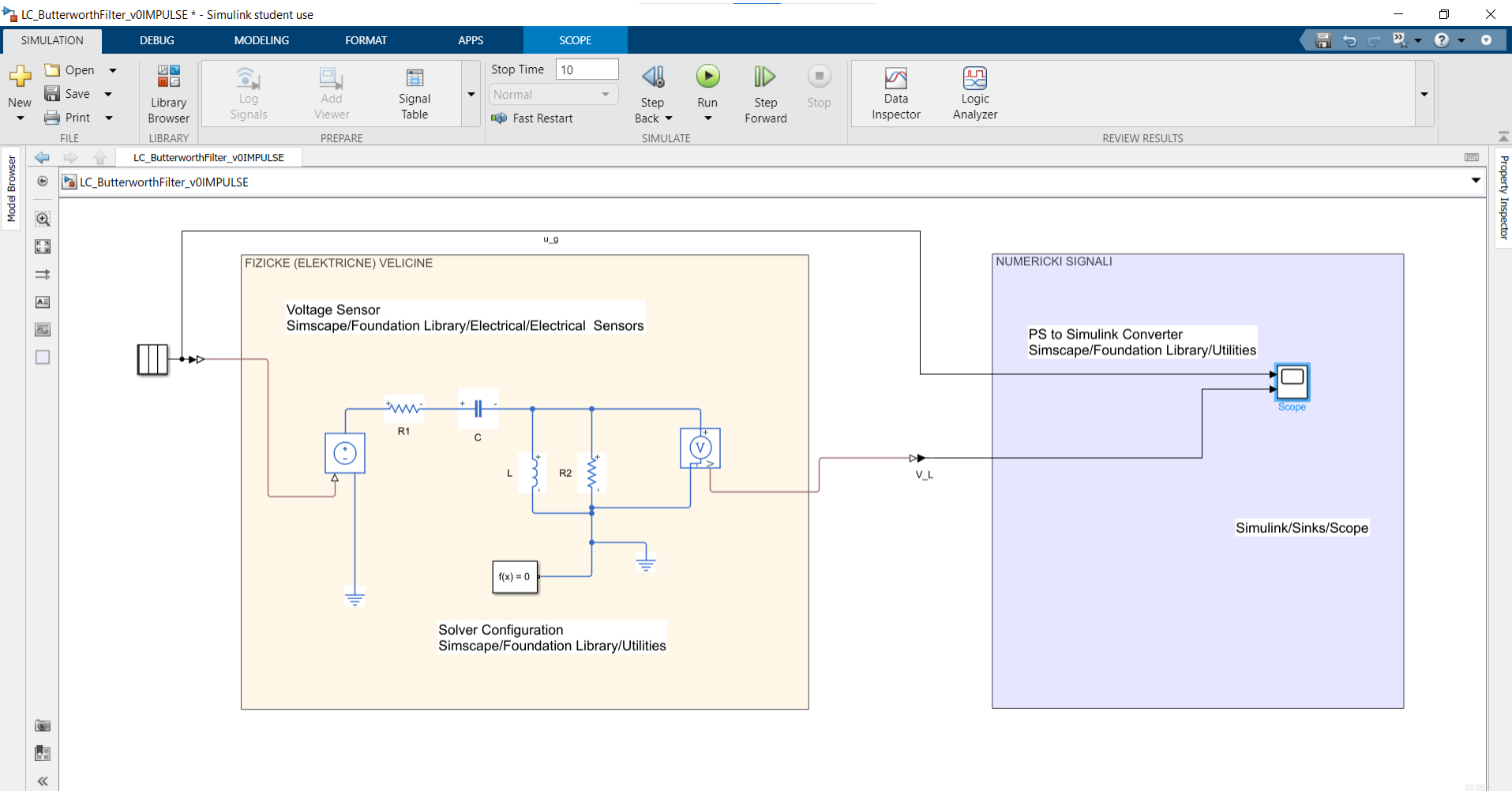
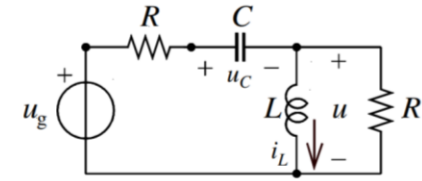


MATLAB Simulink - коло

Задаци

LC-реализација филтра (Butterworth maximally flat highpass approximation) има познате параметре и

$$L = \frac{R}{\sqrt{2} \Omega}, \quad C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} R \Omega}, \quad \text{и реални параметар } \Omega > 0.$$



MATLAB Simulink - одзив

Задаци

LC-реализација филтра (Butterworth maximally flat highpass approximation) има познате параметре и

$L = \frac{R}{\sqrt{2}\Omega}$, $C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}R\Omega}$, и реални параметар $\Omega > 0$.

